

16.1 Disclosure Requirements.

This court presumes that a defendant has requested disclosure of Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure Rule 16(a)(1) discovery and that the government has requested reciprocal discovery, except as to expert witnesses under Rule 16(a)(1)(G) and (b)(1)(C), unless the procedures of this rule overcome the presumption.

(a) Government's Disclosure.

(1) No Discovery Requested.

If Rule 16(a)(1) discovery is not requested, the defendant must state so during the arraignment or otherwise file a notice stating that discovery is not requested. The notice shall be filed within 2 days after the arraignment or as otherwise ordered by the court.

(2) Partial Discovery Requested.

If Rule 16(a)(1) discovery is only partially requested, the defendant must state so during the arraignment or otherwise file a notice specifically stating what discovery is not requested. The notice shall be filed within 2 days after the arraignment or as otherwise ordered by the court. The defendant may subsequently request Rule 16(a)(1)(E), (F), or (G) discovery in accordance with the court's case progression orders.

(3) Disclosure Deadline.

Unless the court orders otherwise, the government must provide discovery under this rule no sooner than 2 but not later than 14 days after the arraignment.

(4) Certificate of Service.

Upon providing the required discovery, the government must file and serve a notice of compliance.

(b) Defendant's Disclosure.

(1) Reciprocal Disclosure; Deadline.

The defendant shall disclose reciprocal discovery as required under Rule 16(b)(1)(A) and (B) within 30 days after the arraignment or as otherwise ordered by the court. The government may request Rule

16(b)(1)(C) discovery in accordance with the court's case progression orders.

(2) Certificate of Service.

Upon providing the required discovery, the defendant must file and serve a notice of compliance.